

LIST OF MOSQUES IN MADHYA PRADESH WHICH WERE BUILT AFTER DEMOLISHING THE HINDU TEMPLES

We give below, state-wise and district-wise, the particulars of Muslim monuments which stand on the sites and/or have been built with the materials of Hindu temples, and which we wish to recall as witnesses to the role of Islam as a religion and the character of Muslim rule in medieval India. The list is the result of a preliminary survey. Many more Muslim monuments await examination. Local traditions which have so far been ignored or neglected have to be tapped on a large scale.

We have tried our best to be exact in respect of locations, names and dates of the monuments mentioned. Even so, some mistakes and confusions may have remained. It is not unoften that different sources provide different dates and names for the same monument. Many Muslim saints are known by several names, which create confusion in identifying their mazārs or dargāhs. Some districts have been renamed or newly, created and a place which was earlier under one district may have been included in another. We shall be grateful to readers who point out these mistakes so that they can be corrected in our major study. This is only a brief summary.

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It should be kept in mind that the list below doesn't include all the temples destroyed by Muslims and converted to mosques. The below is the list of mosques and Darghas where evidences exists of having been made after destroying the temples at these locations. In many mosques, Muslim rulers were able to eradicate all signs of temples, and hence not given in below list.

Anyone is free to visit the below list of mosques and see the remnants and materials of Hindu temples used in their construction. Archaeological Survey of India should conduct an excavation of below mosques to find out more about the ancient temples in these locations and possible mass graves around the mosque sites.

I. BETUL DISTRICT

Pattan

1. Dargāh of Sulaimān Shāh. Temple site.

Umri

2. Dargāh of Rahmān Shāh. Temple site.

II. BHOPAL DISTRICT

Berasia

3. Masjid (1716). Temple site.

Bhopal

4. Jāmi Masjid built by Qudsia Begum. SabhāmaNDala Temple site.

III. BILASPUR DISTRICT

Khimlasa

5. Dargāh of Pāñch Pîr. Temple site.
6. Nagînā Mahal. Temple site.
7. Idgāh. Temple site.
8. Masjid with three domes. Temple site.

IV. DAMOH DISTRICT

9. Dargāh of Ghāzî Miān. Temple site.
10. Fort. Temple materials used.

V. DEWAS DISTRICT

Dewas

11. Masjid (1562). Temple site.
12. Masjid (1705). Temple site.
13. Masjid (1707). Temple site.

Gandhawal

14. Graveyard inside the village. Jain Temple materials used.

Sarangpur

15. Madrasa (1493). Temple site.
16. Jāmi Masjid (1640). Temple site.
17. Pîr Jān-kî-Bhātî Masjid. Temple site.
18. Fort. Temple materials used.

Unchod

19. Idgāh (1681). Temple site.

VI. DHAR DISTRICT

Dhar

Capital of Rājā Bhoja Paramāra converted into a Muslim capital. The following Muslim monuments tell their own story:

20. Kamāl Maulā Masjid. Temple materials used.
21. Lāt Masjid (1405). Jain Temple materials used.
22. Mazār of Abdullāh Shāh Changāl. Temple site.

Mandu

An ancient Hindu city converted into a Muslim capital and the following monuments built on the sites of and/or with materials from temples

23. Jāmi Masjid (1454).
24. Dilāwar Khān-kî-Masjid (1405).
25. ChhoTî Jāmi Masjid.
26. Pahredāroñ-kî-Masjid (1417).
27. Malik Mughîs-kî-Masjid.
28. Maqbara of Hushāng Shāh.
29. Jahāz Mahal.
30. Tawîl Mahal.
31. Nāhar Jharokhā.
32. Hindolā Mahal.
33. Rupmatî Pavilion.
34. Ashrafî Mahal.
35. Dāî-kî-Chhotî Bahen-kā-Mahal.
36. Bāz Bahādur-kā-Mahal.
37. Nîlkanth Mahal.
38. Chhappan Mahal.
39. Fort and Gates.
40. Gadā-Shāh-kā-Mahal.
41. Hammām Complex.

VII. DHOLPUR DISTRICT

Bari

42. Masjid (1346 or 1351). Temple site.

VIII. EAST NIMAR DISTRICT

Bhadgaon

43. Jāmi Masjid (1328). Temple site.

Jhiri

44. Masjid (1581). Temple site.

Khandwa

45. Masjid (1619-20). Temple site.

IX. GUNA DISTRICT

Chanderi

Muslim city built from the ruins of the old or Budhi Chanderi nearby. The following monuments stand on the sites of temples and/or have temple materials used in them:

46. Masjid (1392).
47. Motî Masjid.
48. Jāmi Masjid.
49. PāñchmûhñDā Masjid.
50. Qurbāni Chabûtrā.
51. Dargāh of Mewā Shāh.
52. Mazār known as BaDā Madrasa.
53. Mazār known as ChhoTā Madrasa.
54. Rājā-kā-Maqbara.
55. Rānî-kā-Maqbara.
56. Battîsî BāoDî Masjid (1488).
57. Hāthîpur-kî-Masjid (1691).
58. Mazār of Shykh Burhanu□d-Dîn.
59. Fort.
60. Kushk Mahal.
61. Idgāh (1495).

Pipari

62. Masjid (1451). Temple site.

Shadoragaon

63. Jāmi Masjid (1621-22). Temple site.

X. GWALIOR DISTRICT

Gwalior

64. Dargāh of Muhammad Ghaus. Temple site.
65. Jāmi Masjid near Gûjarî Mahal. Temple site.
66. Masjid near Ganesh Gate. Gawālîpā Temple site.
67. Graveyards on east and west of the Fort. Temple sites.

Jajao

68. Lāl Patthar-kî-Masjid, Temple materials used.

Mundrail

69. Several Masjids (1504). Temple sites.

Sipri

70. Several Masjids and Mazārs. Temple materials used.

XI. INDORE DISTRICT

Depalpur

71. Masjid (1670). Temple site.

Maheshwar

72. Shāhī Masjid. Temple site.
73. Fort. Temple materials used.

Mehdipur

74. Mazār of Godār Shāh. Temple site.
75. Fort. Temple materials used.

Sanwar

76. Masjid (1674). Temple site.

XII. MANDSAUR DISTRICT

Kayampur

77. Masjid (1676). Temple site.
78. Idgāh (1701-02). Temple site.

Mandsaur

79. Jāmi Masjid. Temple materials used.
80. Fort. Temple materials used.

Rampura

81. Pādshāhī BāoDi. Temple materials used.

XIII. MORENA DISTRICT

Alapur

82. Masjid (1561-62). Temple site.
83. Masjid (1586-87). Temple site.
84. Masjid (1697-98). Temple site.

XIV. PANNA DISTRICT

Ajaigarh

85. Fort. Temple materials used.

Nachna

86. Masjid. Converted temple.

XV. RAISEN DISTRICT

Palmyka

87. Mandir-Masjid. Temple materials used.

XVI. RAJGARH DISTRICT

Khujner

88. Mazār of Dāwal Shāh. Temple materials used.

XVII. RATLAM DISTRICT

Barauda

89. Masjid (1452-56). Temple site.

XVIII. SAGAR DISTRICT

Dhamoni

90. Dargāh of Bāl Jatî Shāh (1671). Temple site.

Kanjia

91. Khān Sāhib-kî-Masjid (1594-95). Temple site.

92. Idgāh (1640). Temple site.

93. Alamgîrî Masjid (1703). Temple site.

94. Qalā-kî-Masjid (1643). Temple site.

Khimlasa

95. Pāñch Pîr. Temple site.

XIX. SEHORE DISTRICT

96. Masjid (1332). Temple site.

XX. SHAJAPUR DISTRICT

Agartal

97. Masjid. Temple site.

XXI. SHIVPURI DISTRICT

Narod

98. Zanzārî Masjid. Temple site.

Narwar

99. Dargāh of Shāh Madār. Temple site.

100. Jāmi Masjid (1509). Temple materials used.

101. Masjid inside Havapaur Gate (1509). Temple site.

Pawaya

102. Fort. Temple materials used.

103. Several other Muslim monuments. Temple materials used.

Ranod

104. Masjid (1331-32). Temple site.
105. Masjid (1441). Temple site.
106. Masjid (1633). Temple site.
107. Masjid (1640). Temple site.

Shivpuri

108. Jāmi Masjid (1440). Temple site.

XXII. UJJAIN DISTRICT

Barnagar

109. Masjid (1418). Temple site.

Ujjain

110. Jāmi Masjid known as Binā-nîv-kî-Masjid (1403-04). Temple site.
111. Masjid unearthed near Chaubis Khamba Gate. Temple materials used.
112. Mochl Masjid. Converted temple.

XXIII. VIDISHA DISTRICT

Basoda

113. Masjid (1720-21). Temple site.

Bhonrasa

114. Qalandarî Masjid. Temple materials used.
115. Jāgîrdār-kî-Masjid (1683). Temple site.
116. BaDî Masjid in Bada Bagh (1685). Temple site.
117. Bandi Bagh-kî-Masjid. Temple site.
118. Bārā-Khambā Masjid. Temple site.
119. Ek-Khambā Masjid. Temple site.
120. Binā-nîv-kî-Masjid. Temple site.
121. Graveyard in Bandi Bagh. Amidst temple ruins.
122. Idgāh. Temple site.
123. Fort (1594). Temple materials used.

Parasari

124. Masjid (1694-95). Temple site.

Renkla

125. Masjid. (1647-48). Temple site.

Shamsabad

126. Masjid (1641). Temple site.

Sironj

127. Ālamgîrî Masjid (1662-63). Temple site.
128. Masjid in Mahalla Rakabganj (1657-58). Temple site.
129. DargAh of Shykh Sāhib (d. 1657). Temple site.

Tal

130. Masjid (1644-45). Temple site.

Udaypur

131. Masjid (1336). Temple materials used.
132. Masjid built by Aurangzeb. Temple materials used.
133. Motî Masjid (1488-89). Temple site.
134. Masjid (1549). Temple site.
135. Two Masjids of Shāh Jahān. Temple sites.
136. Masjid of Jahāngîr. Temple site.

Vidisha

137. Ālamgîrî or VijaimaNDal Masjid (1682). Converted temple.
138. Masjid on Lohangi Hill (1457). Temple site.
139. Shāh Jahāni Masjid (1650-51). Temple site.
140. City Wall. Temple materials used

XXIV. WEST NIMAR DISTRICT

Asirgarh

141. Jāmi Masjid (1584). Temple site.
142. Masjid built in the reign of Shāh Jahān. Temple site.
143. Idgāh (1588-89). Temple site.
144. Fort. Temple materials used.

Bhikangaon

145. Idgāh (1643-44). Temple site.

Baidia

146. Masjid (1456-57). Temple site.

Burhanpur

147. Jāmi Masjid (1588-89). Temple site.
148. Bîbî Sāhib-kî-Masjid. Temple site.
149. Shāh Masûd-kî-Masjid (1582-83). Temple site.
150. Dargāh and Masjid of Shāh Bahāud- Dîn Bājan. Temple site.
151. Dargāh of Sûfi Nûr Shāh. Temple site.

EVIDENCE IS AVAILABLE THAT IN MADHYA PRADESH THE ABOVE MENTIONED MOSQUES AND DARGHAS WERE CONSTRUCTED BY DESTROYING HINDU TEMPLES. BUT IN MANY OTHER CASES MUSLIMS SUCCEEDED IN REMOVING ALL TRACES OF TEMPLES FROM THE

MOSQUES. IN SUCH CASES ONLY AN EXCAVATION BY ASI WILL REVEAL THE DESTROYED TEMPLES.

WHILE MUSLIMS ASK FOR REBUILDING THE ILLEGAL MOSQUE IN AYODHYA, WHY SHOULD NOT HINDUS DEMAND THE RECONSTRUCTION OF THE DESTROYED TEMPLES IN INDIA?